

## The emergence of angiostrongyliasis in the People's Republic of China: The interplay between invasive snails, climate change and transmission dynamics

Author(s): Lv S, Zhang Y, Steinmann P, Yang GJ, Yang K, Zhou XN, Utzinger J

**Year:** 2011

**Journal:** Freshwater Biology. 56 (4): 717–734

## Abstract:

Only few freshwater snail species transmit the rat lungworm Angiostrongylus cantonensis, which is partially explained by the low likelihood of contact between snails and infected rat faeces. The snail Pomacea canaliculata was introduced into China in 1981 and has become the key intermediate host for A.cantonensis. Thus far, the snail has been recorded in 13 provinces of southern China. 2.We developed a biological model and assessed potential impacts of climate change on the distribution of P.canaliculata and hence the transmission of A.cantonensis. Mean January temperature and snail generation intensity (generation number) were identified as the key factors determining P.canaliculata distribution. Our models predict an increase of 56.9% for the 'spread' and a decrease of 40.9% for the 'establishment' regions ('spread' and 'establishment' defined according to a national sampling survey) by the 2030s relative to the present day. 3.Key determinants of A.cantonensis transmission were identified as the generation intensity in the intermediate host, the longevity of A.cantonensis-infected rats and the dormant period of P.canaliculata. Transmission of A.cantonensis occurs only in areas where the snail's dormant period is

**Source:** http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/j.1365-2427.2011.02579.x

## Resource Description

Climate Scenario: M

specification of climate scenario (set of assumptions about future states related to climate)

Special Report on Emissions Scenarios (SRES)

Special Report on Emissions Scenarios (SRES) Scenario: SRES A2

Exposure: M

weather or climate related pathway by which climate change affects health

**Temperature** 

Geographic Feature: M

resource focuses on specific type of geography

Freshwater

Geographic Location:

## Climate Change and Human Health Literature Portal

resource focuses on specific location

Non-United States

Non-United States: Asia

Asian Region/Country: China

Health Impact: M

specification of health effect or disease related to climate change exposure

Infectious Disease

Infectious Disease: Foodborne/Waterborne Disease

Foodborne/Waterborne Disease (other): Angiostrongylus cantonensis

mitigation or adaptation strategy is a focus of resource

Adaptation

Model/Methodology: **☑** 

type of model used or methodology development is a focus of resource

**Exposure Change Prediction** 

Resource Type: M

format or standard characteristic of resource

Research Article

Timescale: M

time period studied

Medium-Term (10-50 years)

Vulnerability/Impact Assessment: 

☐

resource focus on process of identifying, quantifying, and prioritizing vulnerabilities in a system

A focus of content